2021 MITA Annual Conference

January 21, 2021

Michigan Public Service Commission

Gas Operations

David Chislea



Agenda

- Authority
- Damage Prevention Statistics
- Incidents
- Complaints
- Investigation Process
- Evidence and Documentation
- Field Presence



Authority

State

- Public Act 174 of 2013
- Michigan Underground Facility Owners and Operators (Rule 460.11 et seq.)
- Public Act 165 of 1969
- Michigan Gas Safety Standards (Rules 460.20101 et seq.)

Federal

- Protecting our Infrastructure of Pipelines Enhancing Safety (PIPES) Act of 2020
- 49 CFR Part 196
- No Exemptions



(Gas Distribution)

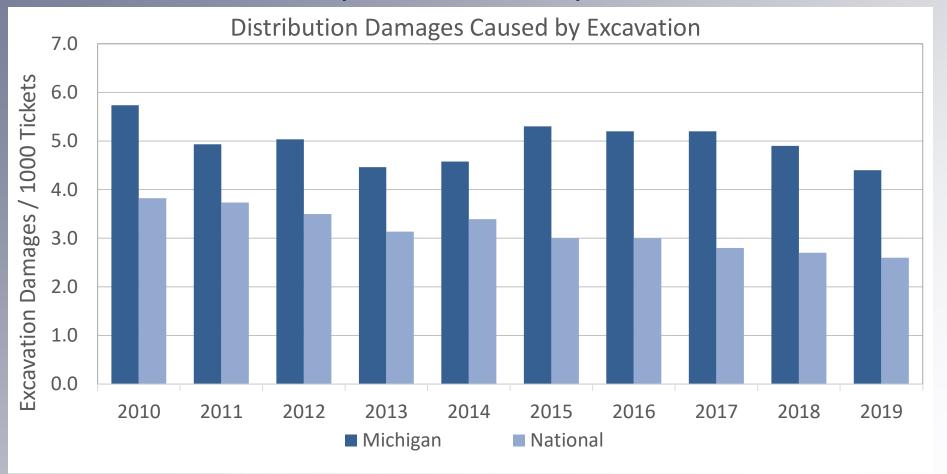
2019 Excavation Damages

Michigan	
Total Excavation Damages	4,117
Total Excavation Tickets	928,529
Excavation Damages / 1000 Tickets	4.4

National	
Excavation Damages / 1000 Tickets	2.6

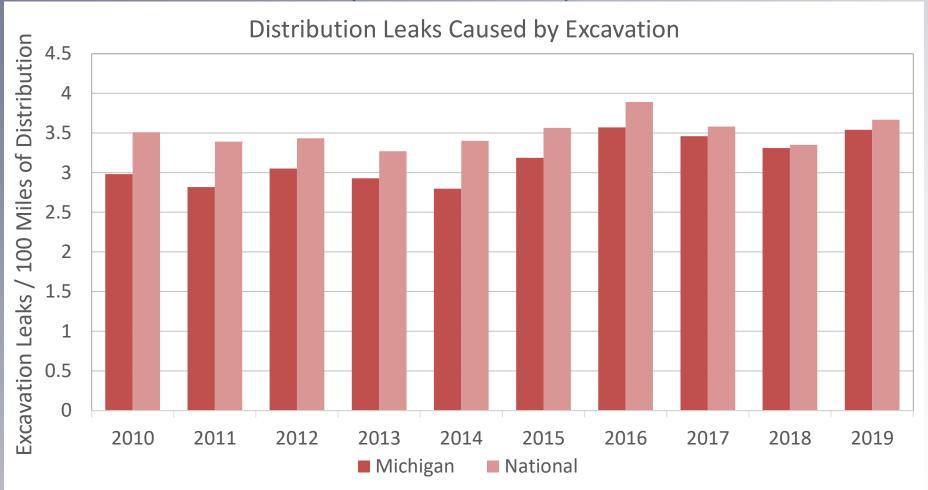


(Gas Distribution)



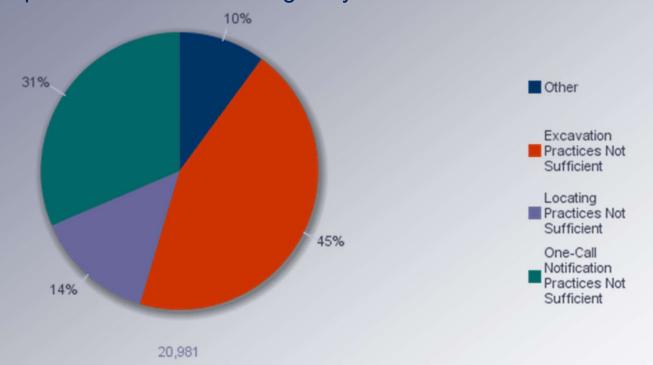


(Gas Distribution)



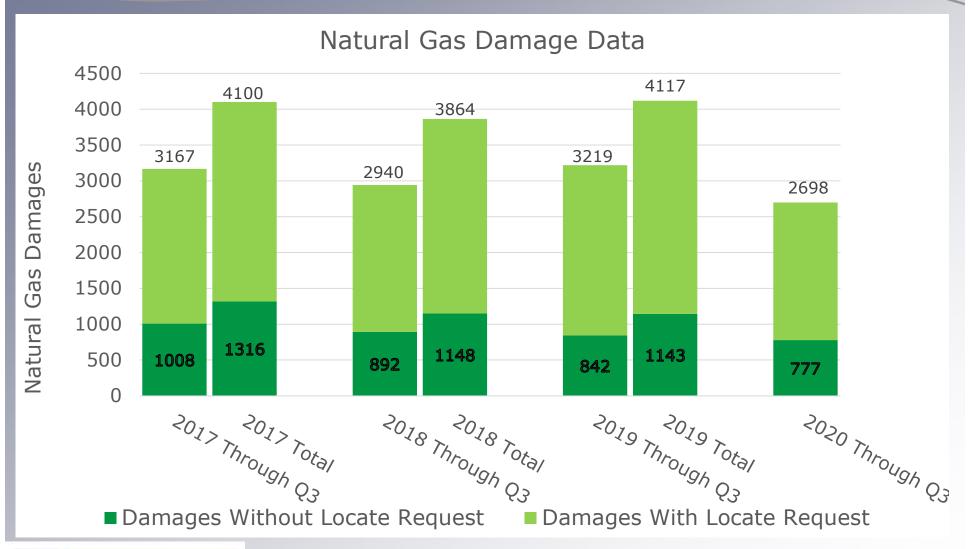


(Gas Distribution Pipeline Excavation Damages by Root Cause 2017 - Present)

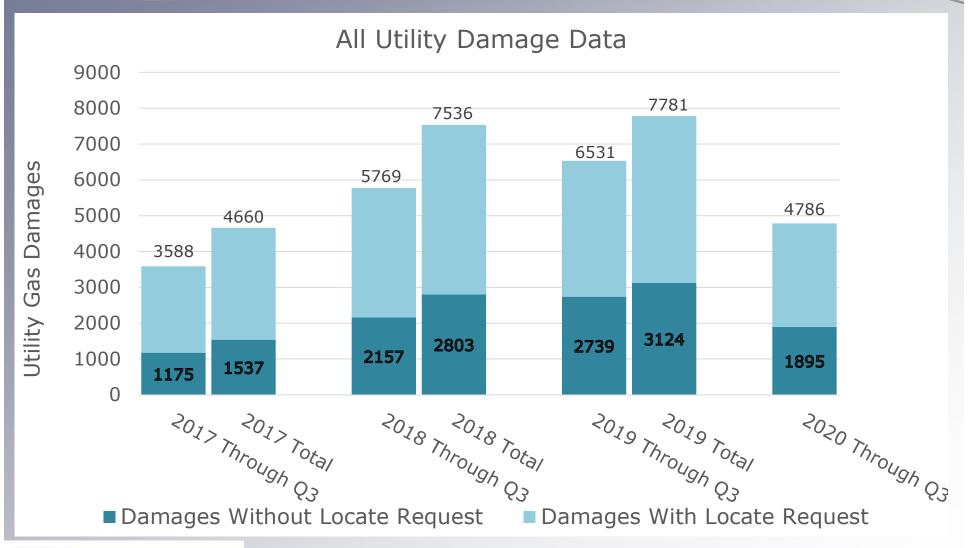


Calendar Year	Number of Excavation Tickets	Number of Excavation Damages	Damages per Thousand Tickets	One-Call Notification Practices Not Sufficient	Locating Practices Not Sufficient	Excavation Practices Not Sufficient	Other	One-Call Notification Practices Not Sufficient	Locating Practices Not Sufficient	Excavation Practices Not Sufficient	Other
2019	928,529	4,117	4.4	1,362	716	1,556	483	33%	17%	38%	12%
2018	819,538	4,054	4.9	1,177	633	1,954	290	29%	16%	48%	7%
2017	822,578	4,271	5.2	1,238	636	2,108	289	29%	15%	49%	7%











- September 15, 2020
- 20-inch steel transmission line,
 630 psig
- Directional drilling to install cable
- Operator enforcement
 - 192.614: Failure to mark facility
- Excavator enforcement
 - MCL 460.725(9): Failure to stop excavation when positive response indicates presence of a facility with no marks visible





(Continued from previous slide)

- Directional drilling parallel to distribution main
- No damage
- MCL 460.725(5): "For excavations in a caution zone parallel to a facility, an excavator shall use soft excavation at intervals as often as reasonably necessary..."
- Recommendation to establish a set interval to hand expose





- October 8, 2020
- Four-inch distribution main
- Road reconstruction
- One-way feed
- Ongoing investigation





- December 8, 2020
- Six-inch plastic distribution main
- Road reconstruction
- Excavator hand exposed marked main and was digging outside the caution zone when unmarked main was hit
- Estimated property damage \$213,274
- 1,314 customer outages
- Ongoing investigation





- September 21, 2020
- Four-inch steel distribution main
- Water main project
- Estimated property damage \$21,370
- 93 customer outages
- Ongoing investigation





- September 18, 2020
- Four-inch plastic distribution main
- Large construction project
- Equipment was moved after the damage occurred
- Insufficient evidence to cite any damage prevention rules
- Operator enforcement
 - 192.615: Inadequate emergency response

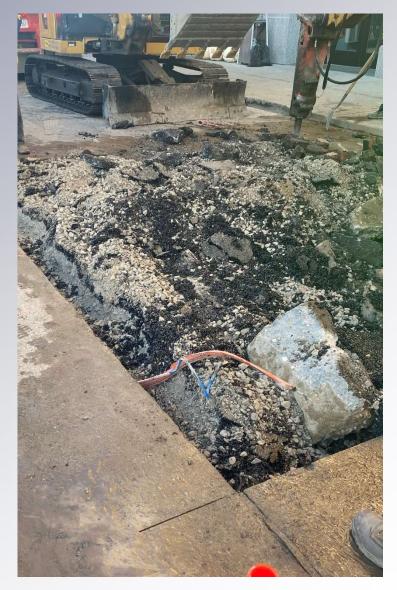








- November 4, 2020
- Saw cutting pavement
- No ticket
- MCL 460.723(m): ""Excavation"
 means moving, removing, or
 otherwise displacing earth, rock, or
 other material below existing surface
 grade with power tools or power
 equipment..."
- Ongoing investigation





Lessons Learned

- Contact MISS DIG for additional assistance
 - Destroyed markings; unmarked facility; facility owner contact information
- Ensure soft excavation is adequate
 - Parallel excavations; if facility becomes covered hand expose again
- When a facility is damaged protect self and others
 - If it is safe, shut down equipment; do not move equipment;
 evacuate the area; contact 911 and the facility owner
- If in doubt, place a ticket
 - Saw cutting, milling, landscaping, driving stakes



Complaints

Frequent Issues

- In 2020, 9 complaints were received against contract locators
 - Public Act 174 pertains to facility owners and excavators
 - Complaint must be against the facility owner(s) the issue is with
- All complaints must have an attempt at resolution prior to filing
 - 460.17(2): "Before filing a complaint, the complainant shall make a good faith attempt to settle the dispute with the respondent using any reasonable means of resolution acceptable to the involved parties."
 - If facility owner contact information is unknown can contact MISS
 DIG

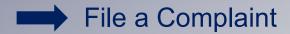


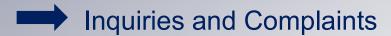
Complaints

Damage Prevention Complaint Form

www.michigan.gov/mpsc







File a Damage Prevention Complaint

 Form User Instructions and a copy of PA 174 are available on the website



Investigation Process

- Complaints
 - Formal
 - Informal
- Onsite Damage Investigations
 - Reported incidents under Public Act 165 of 1969
 - Staff initiated/real time damage notifications
- Data Analysis
 - Late or no positive response
 - Quarterly damage reporting



Investigation Process

- Evidence typically requested
 - Damage report or field notes
 - Correspondence between the complainant/respondent
 - Facility operator staking records or maps
 - Photographs: before and after the damage, timestamped
 - Any other pertinent information



Investigation Process

- Compliance Actions
 - What was the probable violation is
 - How the violation was determined
 - If a penalty has been assessed
 - Methods of response
 - Informal meeting
 - Contest the violation
 - No contest and pay penalty
 - Timing
 - 30 days to pay penalty
 - 60 days for the written response



Evidence and Documentation

- Photographs
 - Pre-job walk through, staking and re-stakes, post-damage
 - Ensure a complete picture is painted
 - Timestamped and location shown, preferably
- Correspondence
 - Phone calls with facility owners, stakers
- Damage reports
 - Describe what occurred and why
 - Take measurements



Field Presence

- In 2020, the MPSC hired a damage prevention engineer with the goal to have a greater field presence
 - Provide education to excavators
 - Site visits to ensure compliance with PA 174 for excavators and facility owners
 - Investigate damages as they occur



Questions?



